# **Factor XI Deficiency**

## Hemophilia <sup>of</sup> Georgia



### The Facts

- A person with factor XI deficiency (pronounced as factor 11 deficiency) has blood that does not clot like it should.
  - ° It affects males and females equally.
  - ° There is no cure.
  - ° It is a life-long condition.
- People with factor XI deficiency do not bleed faster than normal but have a harder time stopping the bleeding.
- It may take medicine and/or blood products to help control the bleeding.

# Common Bleeding Issues

- Nose and mouth bleeds
- Trauma-related bleeding
- Easy bruising
- Urinary tract bleeding
- · Bleeding after invasive procedures, especially delayed bleeding
- · Heavy bleeding during menses for females

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# Female-specific Considerations

- Multiple medications may be used to stop the bleeding.
- Patients may also require oral medications to help treat or prevent bleeding. This medication may need to be taken at school.
- Please allow for frequent bathroom breaks for students with this disorder.



#### **Aid for Minor Bleeding**

- Rest, Ice, Compression, Elevation
- Cuts and scrapes: clean, apply pressure, and bandage
- **Nosebleeds:** hold head straight (not back) and apply pressure
- Mouth bleeds: apply ice or cold compress
- Headache (not from injury): give Tylenol only. If not relieved in two hours or accompanied by other symptoms, contact the parent.

#### **Emergency Bleeding**

- **Head:** nausea, vomiting, headache, confusion, blurred vision, or loss of consciousness
- Eye: trauma and bleeding into and around the eye
- Neck and throat: pain, swelling, difficulty swallowing, or breathing
- Abdomen: trauma to abdomen, acute tenderness, pain, or swelling

#### In an Emergency:

- Call 911.
- Inform the parent.
- Notify EMS the child has a bleeding disorder.
- Contact the Hemophilia Treatment Center.





## **Benefits of Physical Activity**

- · Promotes overall physical fitness by improving
  - ° Cardiovascular fitness
  - ° Muscular fitness
  - ° Bone health
  - ° Body composition/weight
  - ° Cognitive function
  - ° Academic performance
  - ° Sleep
  - ° Self-esteem
  - ° Self-confidence
  - ° Energy
- Reduces feelings of anxiety and depression
- Reduces fatigue
- Increases balance and coordination
- · Promotes a spirit of participation and involvement
- · Lowers the risk of
  - ° Spontaneous joint bleeds
  - ° Heart disease
  - ° Stroke
  - ° High blood pressure
  - ° Type 2 diabetes
  - ° Colon cancer

## Which Sports Are Safe?

- AVOID HIGH-IMPACT SPORTS such as football, boxing, hockey, rugby, and wrestling.
- Encourage low-impact sports such as running, aquatics, and golf.
- Always consult parents regarding any participation in sports.
- Look for activity ratings in the Playing It Safe materials provided by the National Hemophilia Foundation.

Bruising is a common occurrence for people with congenital bleeding disorders



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